

Department of Mathematics Stochastic Analysis (SS 2019) Dr. Alexander Fromm

**Submission:** 28.05.2019

## Exercise sheet 7

Problem 1 (6 Points)

Let  $(M_t)_{t>0}$  be a continuous martingale on a filtered probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, (\mathcal{F}_t), \mathbb{P})$ .

(a) Show that if  $M_t - M_0 \in L^2(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$  for all  $t \geq 0$ , then

$$\mathbb{E}[(M_t - M_0)^2] = \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i=1}^n (M_{t_i} - M_{t_{i-1}})^2\right]$$

for arbitary  $0 = t_0 < t_1 < \ldots < t_n = t, n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

- (b) Show that if all sample paths of M have a finite and even uniformly bounded (total) variation, then almost all paths of M are constant functions.
- (c) Show that if for all  $\omega \in \Omega$  and all t > 0 the sample path  $s \mapsto M_s(\omega)$  has a finite variation on [0, t], then almost all paths of M are constant functions.

Problem 2 (4 Points)

Let  $(B_s)_{s\geq 0}$  be a Brownian motion.

- (a) Let  $f(s) := (1+s)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ ,  $s \in [0,\infty)$ , and  $M_t := \int_0^t f(s) dB_s$ ,  $t \in [0,\infty)$ . Show that  $M \in H_0^2$  is well-defined and compute its norm  $||M||_{\mathbb{H}_2}$ .
- (b) Determine all  $\alpha \in (0, \infty)$  for which  $M_t^{\alpha} := \int_0^t (1+s)^{-\alpha} dB_s$ ,  $t \geq 0$ , is well-defined as an  $L^2$ -bounded martingale.

## Problem 3 - Euler scheme

(5 Points)

Let  $(B_t)_{t\geq 0}$  be a Brownian motion. Let  $f:[0,\infty)\to\mathbb{R}$  be Lipschitz continuous with Lipschitz constant  $L_f$ . For any  $n\in\mathbb{N}$  define

$$f^{n}(s) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right) \mathbb{1}_{\left[\frac{k}{n}, \frac{k+1}{n}\right)}(s), \qquad k \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0},$$

$$M_{t}^{n} = \int_{0}^{t} f^{n}(s) dB_{s},$$
and  $M_{t} = \int_{0}^{t} f(s) dB_{s}.$ 

Write  $M_t^n$  more explicitly as a linear combination of increments of the Brownian motion and show that for T > 0 we have

$$\mathbb{E}\big[\left|M_T - M_T^n\right|\big] \le \frac{C(T, L_f)}{n},$$

with some constant  $C(T, L_f)$  that depends only on T and  $L_f$  and is non-decreasing in these values.

Total: 15 Points

## Terms of submission:

- Solutions can be submitted in groups of at most 2 students.
- Please submit at the beginning of the lecture or until 9:50 a.m. in room 3523, Ernst-Abbe-Platz 2.